**FORUM:** Security Council

**QUESTION OF:** Situation in Iraq

**MAIN SUBMITTER:** United States of America

**CO-SUBMITTERS:** India, United Arab Emirates, Republic of Korea, United Kingdom, Japan, Zambia, Russia, Germany, China

SECURITY COUNCIL,

*Recalling* the principles of the United Nations Charter that emphasize the importance of peace, security, and human rights for all nations,

*Recognizing* that, according to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), over 4.5 million Iraqis remain displaced due to conflict and violence, including the recent surge in hostilities,

*Expressing* deep concern for the humanitarian situation in Iraq, where approximately 7.6 million people are in need of humanitarian assistance, including access to food, shelter, and healthcare,

*Emphasizing* the urgent need for a comprehensive approach to rebuilding Iraq’s economy, which has contracted by approximately 10% due to ongoing violence and instability,

*Highlighting* the importance of inclusive governance and the participation of all ethnic and religious groups in the political process to promote national unity and prevent further sectarian violence;

MAIN SUBMITTED BY: India

1. Calls upon member states to provide humanitarian assistance to displaced populations in Iraq, ensuring access to essential needs such as food, shelter, and medical care, such as but not limited to:
	1. The establishment of partnerships with local NGOs, such as Care International, to deliver aid effectively,
	2. The allocation of resources for medical facilities to treat injuries resulting from violence, ways such as but not limited to:
		1. Setting up mobile clinics in high-need areas,
		2. Providing mental health support such as therapy and counseling for trauma victims;

MAIN SUBMITTED BY: USA

1. Calls for the establishment and support of refugee camps for displaced Iraqi refugees, to provide essential services such as but not limited to:
	1. Encouraging NGOs to provide funds for the creation of refugee camps,
	2. Creating safe zones where refugee camps can be located,
	3. Making sure that refugee camps are equipped with enough food, water, and shelter in ways such as but not limited to:
		1. Making weekly checks on the food and water supply,
		2. Giving equal and rational portions of food and essential supplies;

MAIN SUBMITTED BY: India

1. Encourages Iraq to strengthen its domestic legal framework by adopting comprehensive counter-terrorism laws that criminalize all forms of terrorist activity, including recruitment and the propagation of terrorist ideologies, in line with international standards and human rights protections, in ways such as but not limited to:
	1. Criminalizing all forms of terrorist activity, including but not limited to:
		1. The planning, organizing, or execution of terrorist attack,
		2. Providing material support, funds, or resources to terrorist organizations,
	2. Establishing mechanisms for the effective implementation of anti-terrorism laws, including:
		1. The creation of a counter-terrorism unit within the Iraqi security forces, tasked with investigating and prosecuting terrorist activities and financial crimes related to terrorism,
		2. The development of training programs for judges, prosecutors, and law enforcement officers to ensure they are equipped to handle terrorism-related cases,
	3. Ensuring the broadest possible consultation during the formulation and implementation of counter-terrorism laws in ways such as but not limited to:
		1. Engaging with civil society organizations, human rights groups, and local communities to ensure that the laws are responsive to the needs of Iraqi society and do not disproportionately target vulnerable populations,
		2. Consulting with international experts and organizations to ensure that Iraq's legal framework aligns with global best practices and enhances international cooperation in the fight against terrorism,
	4. Enhancing collaboration between member states and international organizations to develop comprehensive databases for tracking individuals associated with terrorist activities, including:
		1. Implementing comprehensive workshops on advanced document verification techniques to help officials identify fraudulent and counterfeit documents effectively,
		2. Creating a centralized international database that consolidates information on known terrorists and individuals flagged by member states;

MAIN SUBMITTED BY: USA

1. Urges Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) to take proactive measures to raise awareness about the ongoing conflict with ISIS and its profound effects on refugees, through ways such as, but not limited to:
	1. Utilizing social media platforms to launch awareness campaigns and disseminate information materials that reach a broad audience such as but not limited to:
		1. Instagram,
		2. YouTube,
		3. Facebook,
	2. Enhancing awareness through physical engagement such as but not limited to:
		1. Flyers,
		2. Posters,
		3. Public Speeches,
	3. Developing educational campaigns that inform the public about the plight of refugees and the conflict, highlighting their challenges and the urgent need for support in ways such as but not limited to:
		1. Implementing outreached programs in schools and community centers to educate and inform a diverse population of people about the situation in Iraq,
		2. Organizing events such as community forums, panels, and public speaking’s that focus on the experiences of these refugees,

MAIN SUBMITTED BY: India

1. Suggests the Government of Iraq to prioritize inclusive education programs to ensure equitable access to education for all Iraqi children and youth by:
	1. Providing targeted funding for education in conflict-affected regions to rebuild schools and ensure that children can continue their education in a safe and supportive environment,
	2. Implementing curriculum reforms that promote peace, coexistence, and understanding among Iraq’s diverse ethnic and religious groups, including Sunni Arabs, and Shia Arabs, through measures such as but not limited to:
		1. Integrating peace education modules that address conflict resolution, respect for cultural diversity, and non-violent communication skills across primary and secondary education levels,
		2. Including historical and cultural studies that reflect the contributions of each ethnic and religious community to Iraq’s heritage, helping students appreciate their shared history and cultural connections,

MAIN SUBMITTED BY: USA

1. Requests the Government of Iraq, with the support of Member States and relevant international organizations such as the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), to enhance its security sector’s capacity to counter terrorism and promote regional stability by:
	1. Strengthening Iraq’s counter-terrorism operations through coordinated support, including:
		1. Providing specialized training programs for Iraqi security forces, focused on counterterrorism, defense strategies, and border protection,
		2. Supplying necessary counter-terrorism equipment and technology, including surveillance drones and secure communication systems to enhance operational capacity,
	2. Enhancing regional security cooperation with neighboring countries to prevent the cross-border movement of terrorist operatives, weapons, and resources by:
		1. Establishing and expanding joint border security patrols between Iraq and neighboring countries to strengthen defenses against unauthorized entry points,
		2. Conducting routine joint training exercises focused on border security, anti-smuggling operations, and emergency response protocols with Iraqi and neighboring forces;
	3. Enhancing border security measures to prevent the movement of terrorist groups, in ways such as but not limited to:
		1. Deploying advanced surveillance technologies and biometric systems at key entry points
		2. Performing comprehensive risk assessments to identify high-risk border areas requiring immediate attention,
	4. Strengthening Iraq’s visa and immigration process to prevent the infiltration of terrorist groups while ensuring the protection of legitimate asylum seekers from Iraq

MAIN SUBMITTED BY: India

1. Calls upon member states and relevant international organizations to actively support the revitalization of the Iraqi economy in response to the ongoing crisis, including such as but not limited to:
	1. Providing financial assistance and investment opportunities aimed at rebuilding critical infrastructure and allocating funds for the reconstruction of damaged public services such as but not limited to:
		1. Transportation,
		2. Healthcare,
		3. Education facilities,
	2. Encouraging the diversification of the Iraqi economy to reduce dependence on oil revenues, in ways such as but not limited to:
		1. Investing in technology and innovation sectors to foster a knowledge-based economy and expand new job markets,
		2. Enhancing the manufacturing sector to create jobs and reduce import dependency,
	3. Facilitating international trade agreements that open new markets for Iraqi products.